ISSN 0975-4687 RNI No. KERENG/2006/20518 Volume XIII Issue 2 September 2019

Research Journal on Physical Education and Sports Peer reviewed

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Association of College Teachers in Physical Education (Under the University of Calicut)

Voice of Sports September 2019

ISSN .00



EFFECT OF CYCLIC MEDITATION AND YOGA NIDRA ON SELECTED PSYCHOLOGICAL VARIABLES AMONG SPORTS PERSONS.

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ABSTRACT

The purpose of the study was to find out the effects of Cyclic meditation and Yoga nidra on selected psychological variables among sports persons. Forty males and forty female sports persons from the Centre for physical education, Calicut University were selected for the study. The psychological Variables selected for the study was cognitive Anxiety, somatic Anxiety, self-confidence, instrumental aggression and hostile aggression. They wererandomly divided four groups of 20 each.They were namely cyclic meditation group, Yoga Nidra Group, Combined meditation group and control group. The study was conducted for twelve weeks of three sessions in a week. Results shown that all the three experimental training groups such as Cyclic meditation, Yoga performance as compared to control group on all the variables Nidra meditation, Combined meditation groups showed better except instrumental aggression and hostile aggression. No experimental groups showed significantly better results than any other experimental groups in any of the psychological variables. No significant differences were found in instrumental aggression perimental and control groups. As this study have revealed the and hostile aggression between pre and post-test means of exyoga and meditation programme are use full for the sports persons to reduce their stress, it can be used in the sports training programme for the sports persons.

Combined Yoga Nidra, meditation, Anxiety, Self-confidence and Aggression. Keywords: Cyclic meditation,

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circo aporto september 2019

SSN:0975-468;

mulated in the human mind to improve the sports performance is not easy to train the mind as one train the body. This investiga-How the ancient wisdom of Yoga and meditation helpful to overtion focuses on how to overcome the emotions and stress accucontrolling and mastering of his or her on emotions and stress. It conquer the world. The great hurdle that a sports person faces is varying according to the nature of the athlete and the goal of the go hand in hand with elite performances in sports. Tension will be come the stress of a sports person. The tension and stress nevel Mind matters a lot in sports. If you can conquer the mind, you can athletes. The nature of the athletes can be modified through psyand training. But what are the machines for training the mind? Hence this study focuses on how an athlete will be looked in the chological intervention and training in order to control tension. training the body and assessing and interpreting the performance tracksuit of yogi? tor training purpose. Most of these machines have been using for ange number of highly sophisticated machines have been using and the pursuit of excellence in sports, a mes. Human live in this universe may stand still if the by fingers and buttons. Of course, this is the world ung in the cybernetic world, where everything can

Selection of Subjects, Variables and Test

sports persons from the Centre for physical education, Calicut University were finally selected as subjects for the study. The psychological Variables selected for the study was cognitive Anxiety somatic Anxiety, self-confidence, instrumental aggression and hostile aggression. Competition State Anxiety Inventory (CSAI-2) developed by Martens et al and Inventory for Sports Aggression (ISA) developed by Jayan and Santosh were used to measure the psychological variables After the pretest data collection forty male and forty female

Training Schedule and Collection of Data

in a week and one group served as a Control group and was not tion programme for duration of twelve weeks with three sessions variables were collected as a pre-test before the commencement given any specific meditation programme. The data on selected The three experimental groups were given different medita

> the completion of the training programme. of the experimental training programme and as a post test after

Statistical Techniques

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ed post means. The level of significance chosen was 0.05 there existed any significant differences among the paired adjust-F-ratio was found to be significant in order to find out whether ance was applied. The LSD post hoc test was applied wherever the perimental groups and one control group the analysis of co-vari-To compare the significance of difference among the three ex

Analysis of study and results of the data

significant. The level of confidence chosen was 0.05 LSD post hoc test was used, wherever the F-ratio was found to be compare the mean differences by the analysis of co-variance. The Instrumental Aggression and Hostile Aggression were analyzed to ables such as Cognitive Anxiety, Somatic Anxiety, Self Confidence, The pre and post-test means of the selected psychological vari-

	-	-1	m	1-	10	-			
	Iotal		Error	neans	group	ment	Treat-		Source of
	82	Ù	75	ω				Df	
10.00	393.00	366.10		26.90				*SS	
207.25 1274.69	1202 00	75 366.10 288.45 54.25		26.90 1095.54 153.00				SS	
207.25		54.25		153.00				SS	
1274.69	100.1	280.41		994.28				SS	
3.74				331.43				MSS	
88.65*								, ,	

*Significant at 0.05 level as F0.05 (3, 75) = 2.74

groups, the LSD post hoc test was applied for pair wise comparison analysis on final means of the Post test data. ences existed among the final means of Experimental and Control ing programme and also to explore whether any significant differlevel. Subsequently, in order to find out the most effective trainthe tabulated F-value of 2.74, required for significance at 0.05 nificant F ratio, as the calculated F value of 88.65 is greater than Analysis of covariance done on Cognitive Anxiety indicates a sig-